

MESSAGE_{ix} Workshop

Session III: Building an Energy System Model (Part 2) and Adding energy policies

MESSAGEix Workshop team:

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Energy, Climate, and Environment (ECE) Program

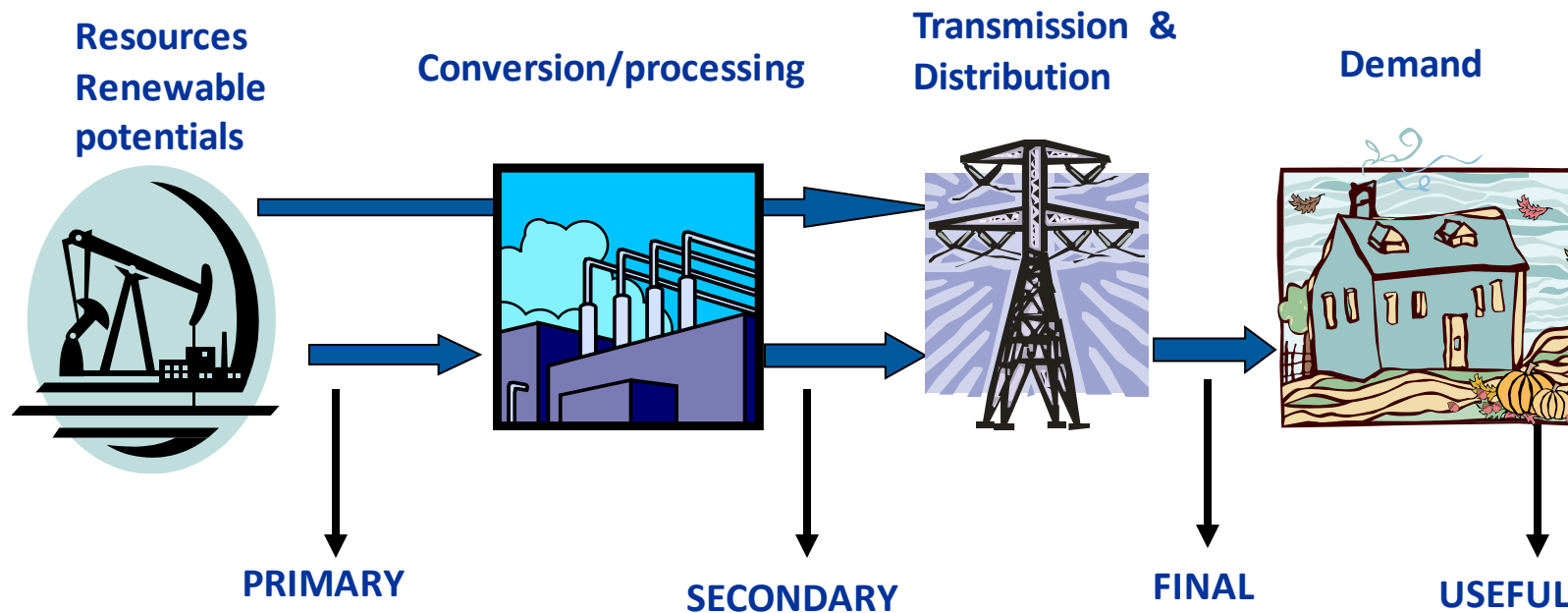
International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA), Austria

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MESSAGEix Workshop, Previous Session

Recap...

- MESSAGEix is a cost minimization model for energy planning
- A system of interlinked resources, technologies, commodities, levels, etc. to deliver certain services
- Getting familiar with Jupyter Notebook: building a simple model from scratch

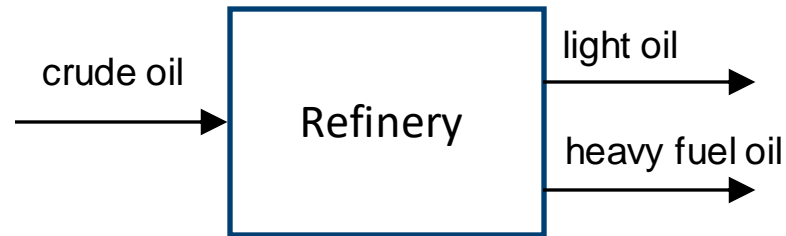


MESSAGEix: A flexible representation of the system

Recap...

- There is no pre-defined sectors, technologies, commodities, etc.
- The level of technical detail depends on the user's preferences and research questions.
- Flexibility remains for temporal and spatial representation.

Aggregate representation



Detailed representation

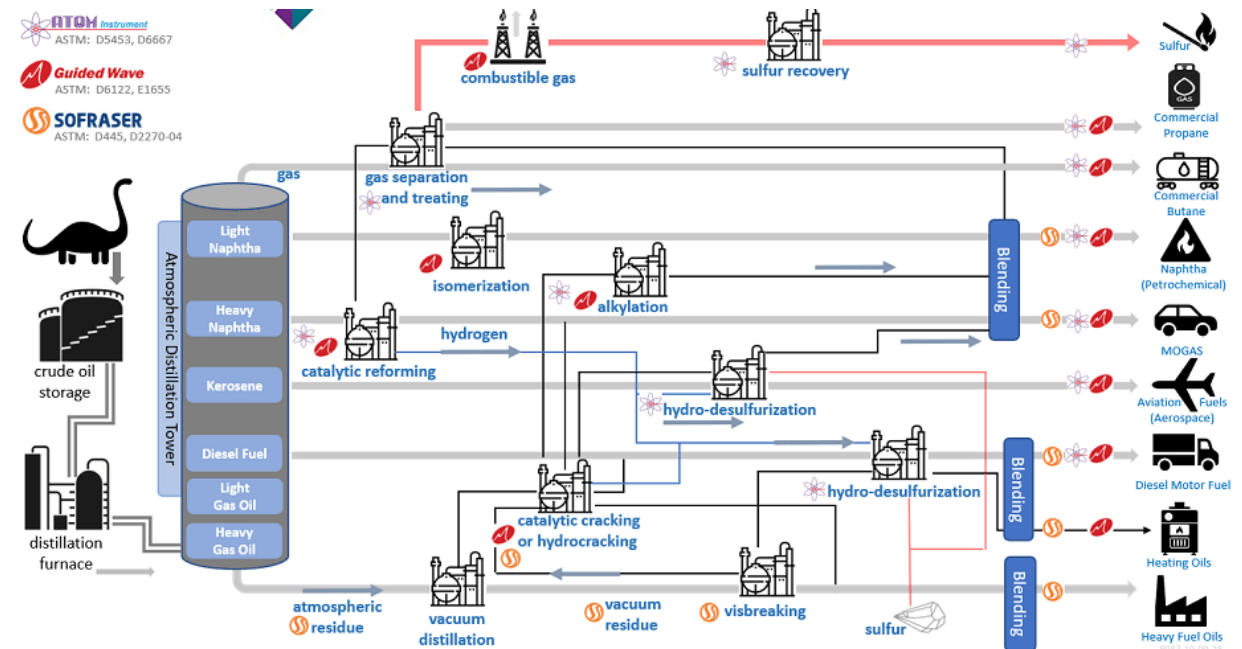
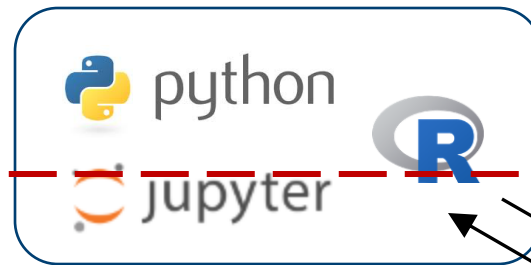


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The MESSAGE_{ix} framework: Workflow of modeling

Recap...

1. Interface



ixmp (ix modeling platform)

2. Database

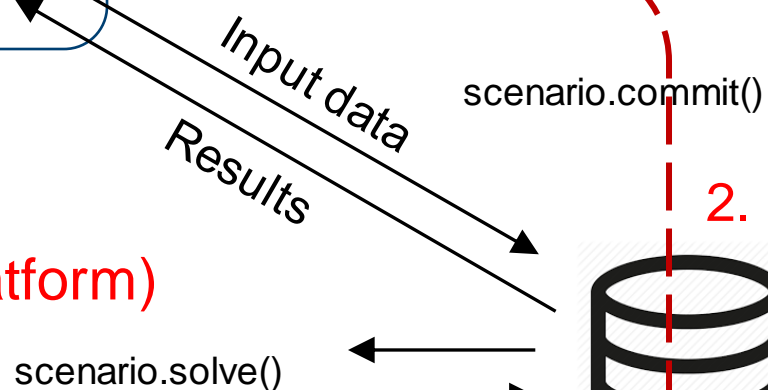


3. Model

MESSAGE_{ix}
Mathematical spec



GDX files



A tutorial to the MESSAGEix framework – Part 2

Agenda of this Session

- Working with MESSAGEix tutorials (hands-on sessions):
 1. Reviewing Westeros Baseline as a simple energy system model
 2. Adding policies and constraints to a scenario

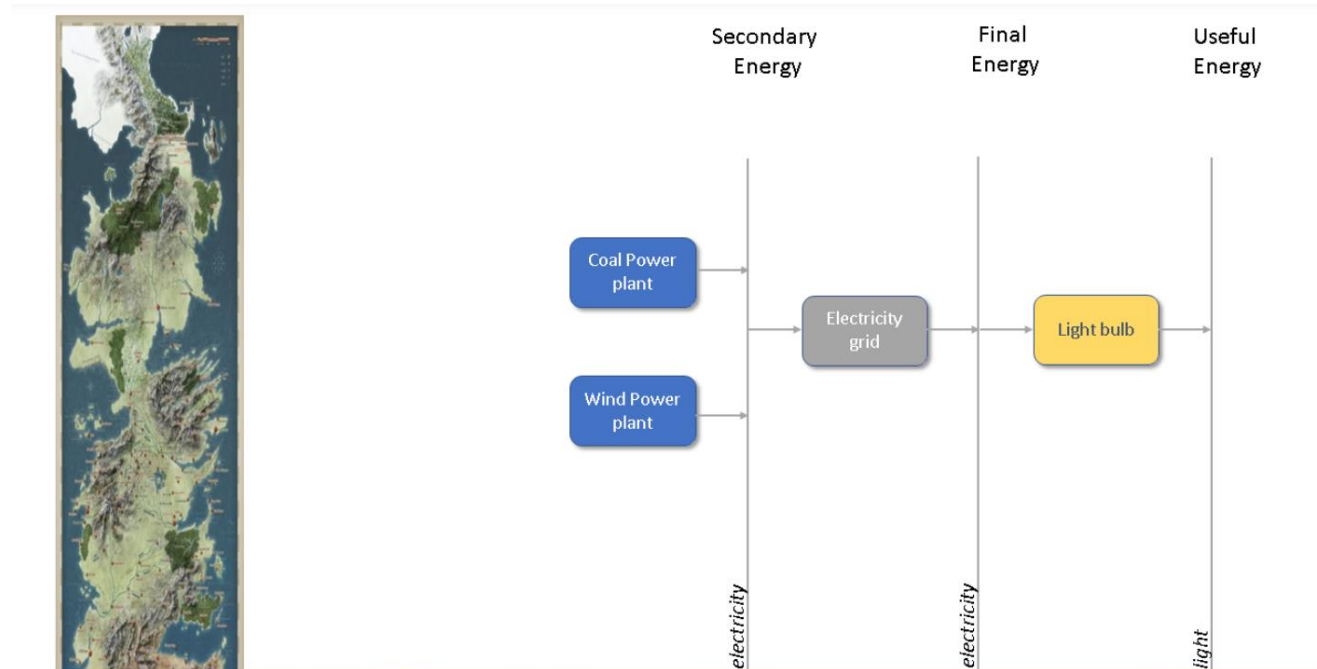
The objective:


- Be able to find information on MESSAGEix sets, parameters, and equations
- Learn about MESSAGEix tutorials and their main features
- Be able to build a simple energy model using Jupyter Notebook
- Learn how to represent some general constraints and policies

Working with tutorials

Building an energy system from scratch

- Locate your tutorial folder in your machine
- Open an Anaconda command window, activate your message_ix environment, and call *jupyter notebook*
- Navigate to the folder for Westeros tutorials and open the baseline



 jupyter

Files **Running** Clusters

Select items to perform actions on them.

/ westeros

- ..
- _static
- westeros_baseline.ipynb
- westeros_emissions_bounds.ipynb
- westeros_emissions_taxes.ipynb

Building a MESSAGEix model

Different steps of modeling

- Creating a new scenario (or loading an existing one)
- Declaring required sets (*node, technology, commodity, level, etc.*)
- Defining required parameters (adding numeric data, relating sets to each other, etc.)
 - *demand*
 - *techno-economic parameters*
 - *bounds and dynamic constraints*
- Solving the model
- Postprocessing and plotting

Working with MESSAGEix scenarios

A short note on model/scenarios

- Importing required software packages

```
import ixmp
import message_ix
```



- Loading the ixmp platform (connection to the database):

```
mp = ixmp.Platform()
```

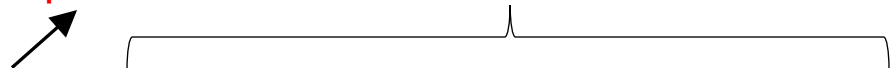


- Creating a new scenario:

```
my_scen = message_ix.Scenario(mp, model, scenario, version='new')
```

Modeling
platform

model/scenario identifiers



Example: `model = 'building energy system', scenario = 'baseline' (or 'high-efficiency')`



Working with MESSAGEix scenarios

A short note on model/scenarios (2)

Creating a new scenario

```
my_scen = message_ix.Scenario(mp, model, scenario, version='new')
```

Modeling platform → model/scenario identifiers

Listing your scenarios

```
mp.scenario_list()
```

model	scenario	version	default
MESSAGEix-mymodel	baseline	1	1
MESSAGEix-mymodel	baseline	2	0
MESSAGEix-mymodel	baseline	3	0
MESSAGEix-mymodel	low-emissions	1	1
MESSAGEix-mymodel	low-demand	1	1

Loading scenarios

```
my_scen = message_ix.Scenario(mp, model, scenario, version=3)
```

```
my_scen = message_ix.Scenario(mp, model, scenario) (loading the default version)
```



Working with MESSAGEix scenarios

Adding, modifying, and removing data

- Working with sets:

`my_scen.add_set('technology', 'item')`
`my_scen.add_set('technology', ['item1', 'item2'])`

MESSAGEix set
 ↗

`my_scen.set('technology')` → shows the content of a set

`my_scen.remove_set('technology', 'item2')` → removes an item from a set

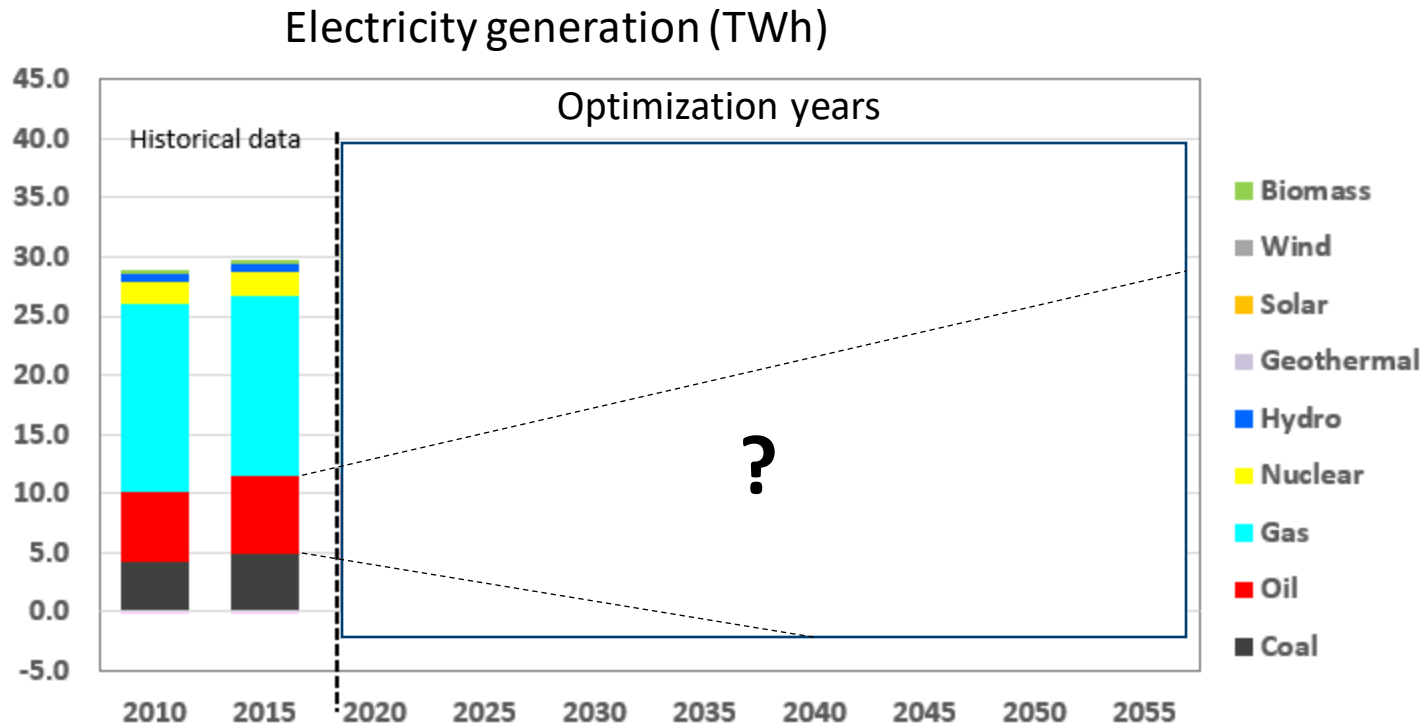
- Working with parameters:

`my_scen.add_par('technical_lifetime', df)` → df is a Pandas DataFrame (like a table)
`my_scen.par('technical_lifetime')` → shows the content of a parameter
`my_scen.remove_par('technical_lifetime', df)` → removes an item from a parameter

MESSAGEix parameter
 ↗

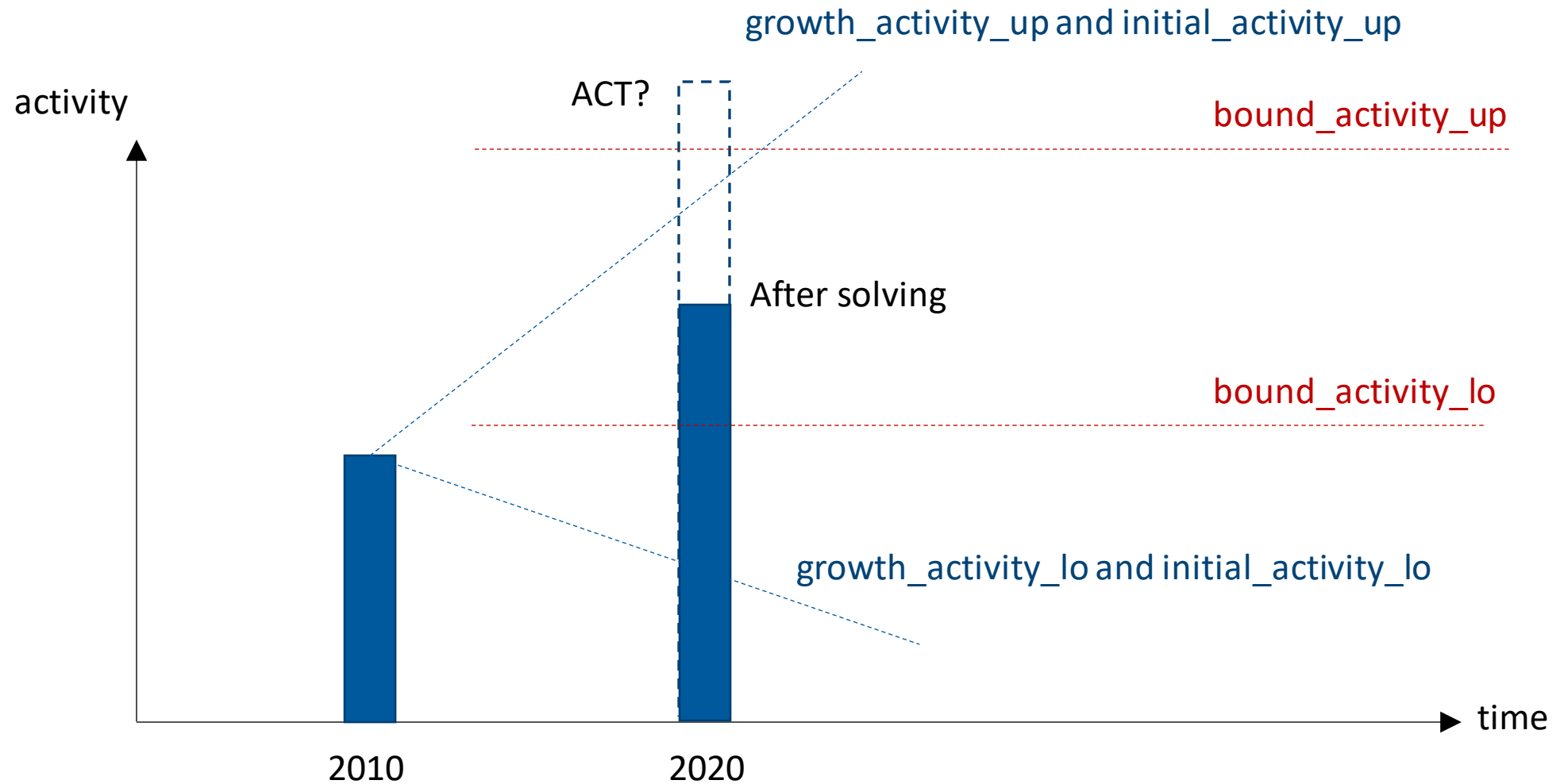
The MESSAGE_{ix} framework : Investment planning

From historical activity/capacity to model years



Dynamic constraints

Diffusion and contraction of technologies over time



[Link to the documentation](#)

Thank you very much for your attention!

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