

Our focus: Shipping in the Arctic



Destination shipping:

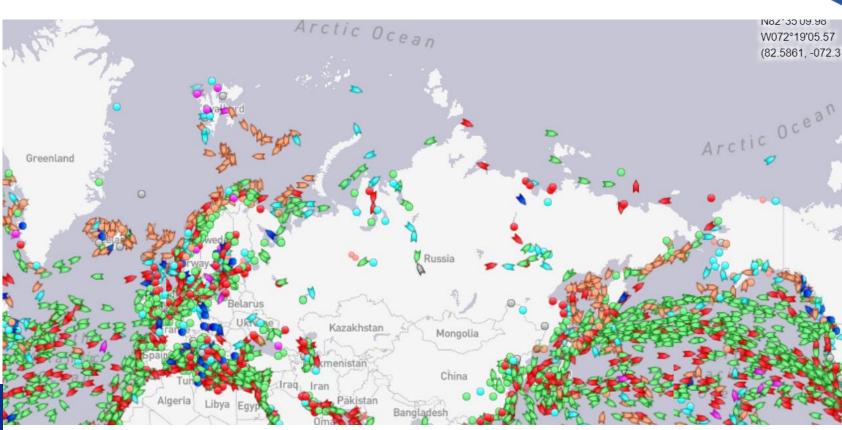
 From outside the Arctic to the Arctic or from the Arctic to outside the Arctic, i.e., ships going to the Arctic to load, unload, or perform an economic activity there

AND

Transit shipping:

 From outside the Arctic to outside the Arctic via the Arctic



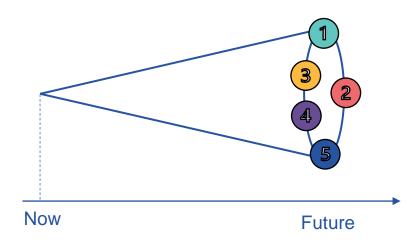


https://www.marinetraffic.com/ (August 9, 2021, 13:34 CEST)



Foresight for the Euro-Asian Arctic: Socio-economic scenarios

- Deeply uncertain system
- Describe various plausible socio-economic futures of the Euro-Asian Arctic until 2050 in the form of short narratives
- Account for both Arctic (endogenous) and global (exogenous) factors – political, economic, social, technological, environmental, legal (PESTEL)
- Developed based on extensive literature research and input from various experts from academia and industry using the morphological analysis method
- Original focus on emerging trade routes between Europe and Asia, i.e., shipping in the Euro-Asian Arctic



Four plausible visions of Arctic shipping



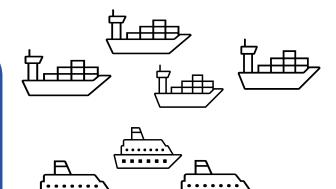
Volume of destination shipping





High volume of destination & low volume of transit shipping

High volume of destination & transit shipping



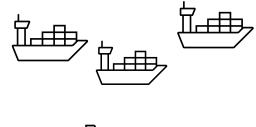
Volume of transit shipping





Low volume of destination & transit shipping

Low volume of destination & high volume of transit shipping





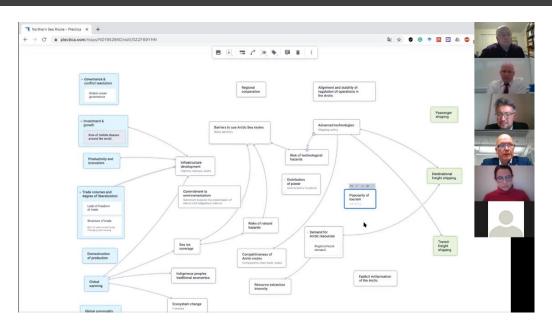


Foresight exercise









Morphological analysis



Major steps:

- Identification of the relevant factors
- 2. Identification of these factors' realizations (alternative states)
- 3. Construction of the morphological matrix
- 4. Cross-consistency analysis

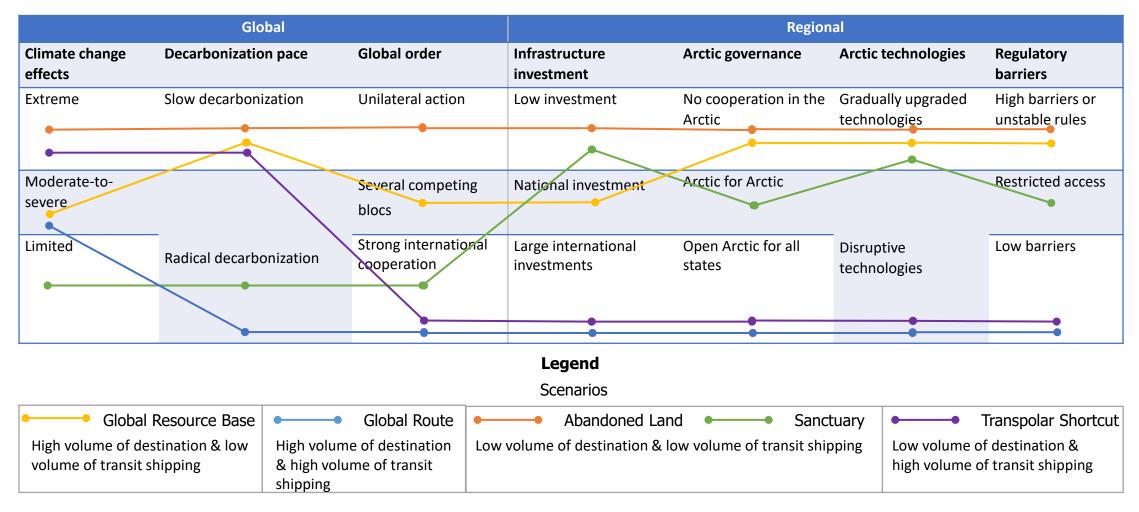
Example

SATURDAY'S WEATHER				
Temperature	Wind	Rain	Humidity	Pressure
Hot	No wind	no rain	dry	low
Pleasant	Mild wind	constant milo rai	low	high
Cold	Strong wind	rain showers	medium	fast changing
Freezing	Storm wind	heavy rain	high	
		hail	100%	

Narm dry day
Cold grey day

Zwicky, F., 1969. Discovery, Invention, Research through the Morphological Approach. Macmillan, New York. Ritchey, T., 2006. Problem structuring using computer-aided morphological analysis. J. Oper. Res. Soc. 57, 792–801.

Morphological matrix





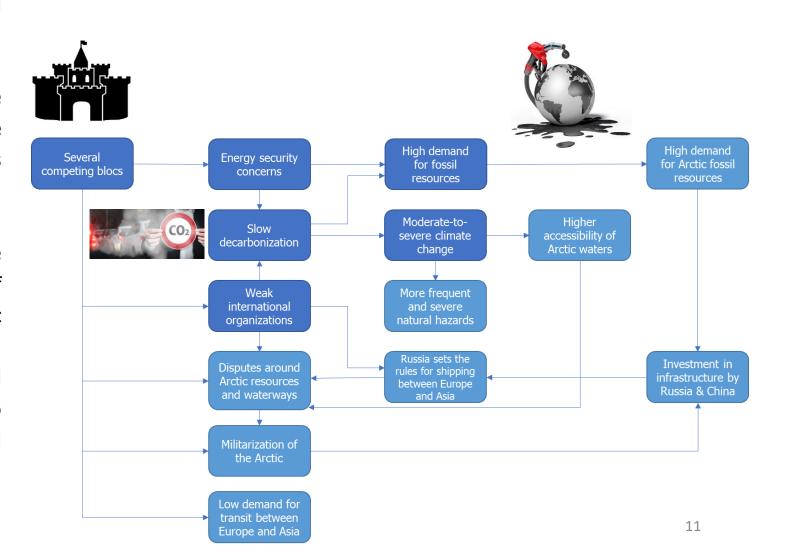
Scenarios



High volume of destination & low volume of transit shipping

Scenario "Global Resource Base"

The world is divided into several geopolitical and geoeconomic blocs. The global trade shifts from Asia-to-Europe to other regions. Technological progress and decarbonization are slow. The demand for Arctic fossil resources rises. Climate change brings about moderate-to-severe effects including more frequent and dangerous natural hazards such as drifting ice and icebergs, as well as stronger winds and higher waves. Marine infrastructure develops gradually and is often of purpose. Militarization of the Arctic dual increases, however, it does not lead to an armed conflict. Investment in large-scale land-based transport infrastructure proves infeasible due to climate risks and an unstable geopolitical landscape.

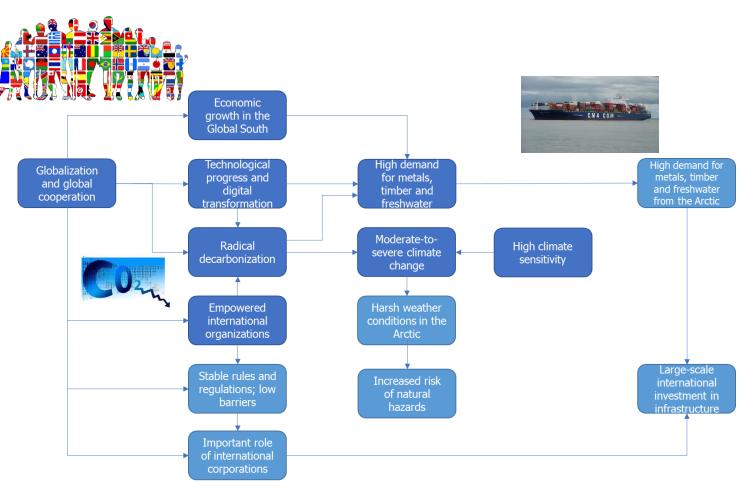




High volume of destination & transit shipping

Scenario "Global Transportation Route"

Global cooperation facilitates rapid technological International progress. organizations lead the collective action of countries to combat climate change. The Arctic acts as a key source of indispensable metals for the low-carbon economy. However, high climate sensitivity hampers reaching the Paris agreement goals. As a result, the warming of the Arctic continues. Modern infrastructure supported by large-scale international investment is deployed to support destination shipping which develops rapidly.

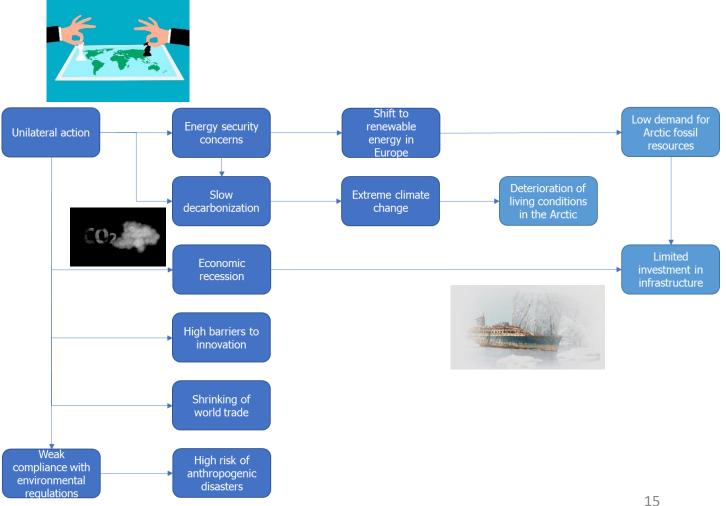




Low volume of destination & transit shipping

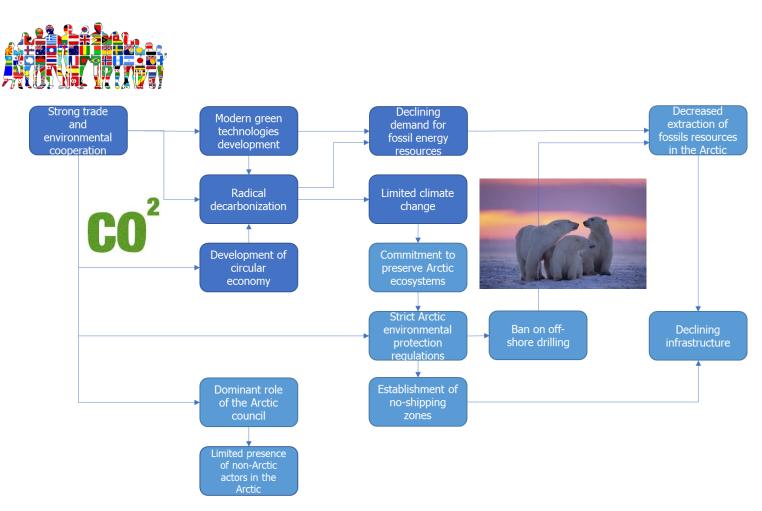
Scenario "Abandoned Land"

Countries act on a unilateral basis. The global continues. economic recession Energy security concerns slow down decarbonization worldwide. Innovation is lacking. Extreme climate change effects manifest. Activities and investment in the Arctic are limited and focus on extracting fossils which are mostly used domestically.



Scenario "Sanctuary"

Strong political and economic cooperation all countries develops. Growing among national and citizen aspirations for modern technologies facilitate rapid green decarbonization. The climate change effects in the Arctic are relatively limited. The Arctic Council plays a prominent role in the governance of the Arctic. The Arctic states ban economic activity of non-Arctic actors in the Arctic and stop any new fossil extraction projects to conserve the unique nature. The Arctic economies diversify. Infrastructure development is limited.

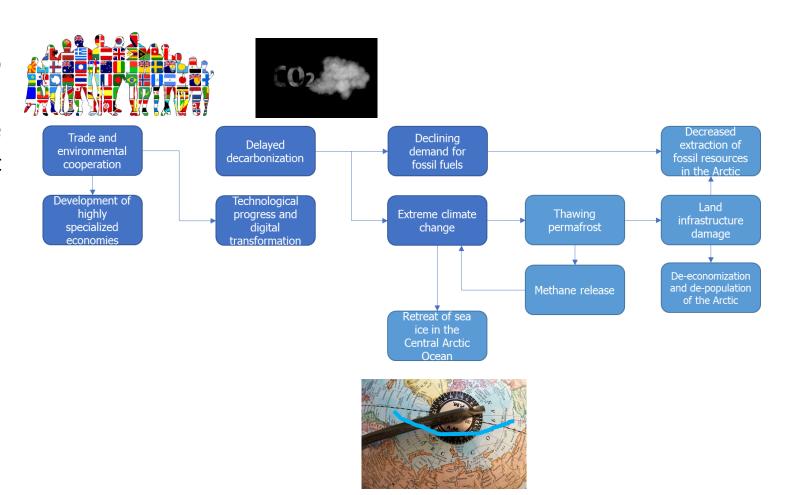




Low volume of destination & high volume of transit shipping

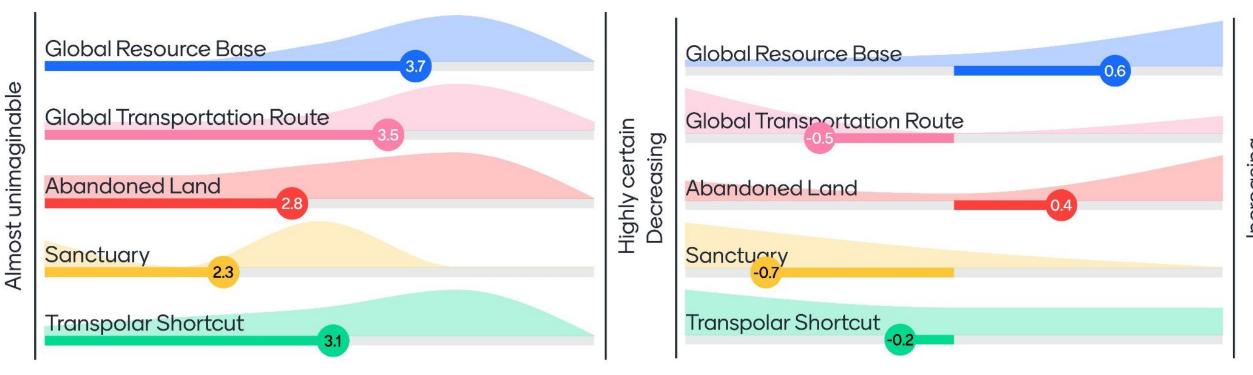
Scenario "Transpolar Shortcut"

Countries cooperate in the economic and technological spheres. The Earth continues to get warmer following suboptimal decarbonization paths undertaken by the international community. Melting permafrost destroys the existing onshore infrastructure. Mining in the Arctic becomes impossible. Economic activities decline. The population leaves the Arctic. Significant retreat of the sea ice in the Central Arctic Ocean is observed.





Plausibility of Euro-Asian shipping scenarios





Thank you!

